

Overview of the CDC Physical Activity Policy, Research and Evaluation Network's (PAPREN) and our Equity-related Research Projects

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Presentation Overview

- About PAPREN
 - Applied Evaluation Project
- PAPREN Work Groups
- PAPREN Equity-related Projects
- Connect with PAPREN







What is PAPREN?

- A **CDC-funded thematic research network** of the CDC Prevention Research Centers and is funded by the Physical Activity and Health Branch within DNPAO.
- A key research partner of the Active People, Healthy Nation Initiative.
- PAPREN is grounded in the Community Preventive Services Task Force recommendations
 that call for land use and transportation strategies for supporting physical activity.
- PAPREN advances the evidence base and puts research into practice through collaboration across sectors with a shared vision of achieving active communities.
 - Includes researchers, planners, engineers, policy makers, green space managers, advocates, public health professionals and others!

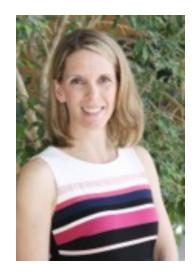








PAPREN Leadership



Stephenie Lemon, PhD Co-Pl UMASS Medical School



Jamie Chriqui, PhD, MHS
Co-PI
University of Illinois Chicago
School of Public Health
(and Illinois SPAN Evaluator)



Karin Valentine Goins
Project Director
UMASS Medical School



Emily Ussery, PhD
CDC Technical Monitor
DNPAO/PHAB





How We Conduct Our Work

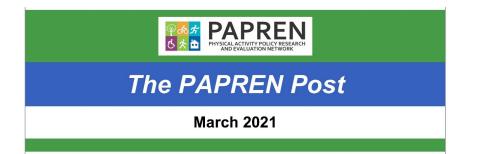
- Bi-monthly Grand Rounds
- Bi-monthly Network Meetings
- Monthly Newsletter, the PAPREN Post
- Work Groups
- Applied Evaluation Project

Francesca Weaks, DrPH, formerly of NAACP





Dara Baldwin, Center for Disability Rights



Beth Osborne, Transportation for America







PAPREN Applied Evaluation Project

- Examines the prevalence and impact over time (2010-2020) of pedestrian-oriented zoning on:
 - Active travel to work
 - Adult recreational walking and sedentary behaviors
 - Pedestrian fatalities
- Test and disseminate model pedestrian-oriented zoning provisions
- Over 2100 municipalities in the most populous 200 US counties located in 41 states and DC (covers >55% US population)



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Preventive Medicine





Pedestrian-oriented zoning is associated with reduced income and poverty disparities in adult active travel to work, United States



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Keywords: Zoning Active travel Urban planning Physical activity Inequities

ABSTRACT

Active travel to work can provide additional minutes of daily physical activity. While the literature points to the relationship between zoning, equity and socioeconomic status, and physical activity, no study has quantitatively explored these connections. This study examined whether zoning may help to moderate any income and poverty inequities in active travel and taking public transit to work. Research was conducted between May 2012 and June 2015. Zoning data were compiled for 3914 jurisdictions covering 45.45% of the U.S. population located in 471 of the most populous U.S. counties and 2 consolidated cities located in 48 states and the District of Columbia. (Sensitivity analyses also captured unincorporated areas which, with the municipalities, collectively covered ~72% of the U.S. population.) Zoning codes were obtained and evaluated to assess the pedestrian-orientation of the zoning codes. Public transit use, active travel to work, median household income, and poverty data were obtained for all study jurisdictions from the 2010—2014 American Community Survey estimates. Associations were examined.



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Preventive Medicine



journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/ypmed

Associations between active living-oriented zoning and no adult leisure-time physical activity in the U.S.



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Keywords: City planning Physical activity

ABSTRACT

Nearly one-third of adults report no leisure-time physical activity (LTPA). Governmental and authoritative bodies recognize the role that community design through zoning code changes can play in enabling LTPA. This study examined the association between zoning and no adult LTPA in the U.S. This study was conducted between 2012 and 2016, with analyses occurring in 2015-2016. Zoning codes effective as of 2010 were compiled for jurisdictions located in the 495 most populous U.S. counties and were evaluated for pedestrian-oriented code reform zoning, 11 active living-oriented provisions (e.g., sidewalks, bike-pedestrian connectivity, mixed use, bike lanes) and a summated zoning scale (max = 12). Individual-level LTPA data were obtained from the 2012 CDC Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS). County-aggregated, population-weighted zoning variables were constructed for linking to BRFSS. Log-log multivariate regressions (N = 147,517 adults), controlling for individual and county characteristics and with robust standard errors clustered on county, were conducted to examine associations between zoning and no LTPA. Relative risks (RR) compared predicted lack of LTPA at 0% and 100% county-level population exposure to each zoning predictor. Zoning code reforms were associated with a 13% lower probability of no LTPA (RR: 0.87, 95% CI: 0.82-0.92). Except for crosswalks, all zoning provisions were associated with an 11-16% lower probability of no LTPA. Having all 12 zoning provisions was associated with a 22% lower probability of no LTPA (RR: 0.78, 95% CI: 0.72-0.83). The results suggest that active livingoriented zoning is a policy lever available to communities seeking to reduce rates of no LTPA.

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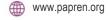


PAPREN Applied Evaluation Project

- Also capturing a number of affordable housing-related markers in the zoning codes for 2020 only:
 - Inclusionary zoning
 - Accessory dwelling units
 - Mobile homes
 - Exclusionary zoning
 - Development incentives that would support PA
 - Multi-unit housing, open space/green space, pedestrian amenities, bike amenities, streetscape improvements
 - Reduced parking
- Plan to evaluate differences in these markers by rural/urban,
 race/ethnicity of the population, geography, population size, etc.



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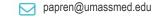




PAPREN Work Groups

- Equity & Resilience
- Parks & Green Space
- Rural Active Living
- School Wellness
- Transportation Policy & Planning
- Worksite Wellness







Exploring residents' perceptions of neighborhood development and revitalization for active living opportunities

Equity and Resilience Workgroup: HealthStyles Subgroup

- Brief Description: This work uses the 2018 HealthStyles/SummerStyles survey to describe characteristics of residents who reported: (1) concerns about increased cost of living from neighborhood development and revitalization; and (2) support for neighborhood changes to make it easier to walk or bike even if the changes led to a higher cost of living.
- Current Status: Paper draft has been completed; undergoing edits and CDC clearance
 - CDC is currently discussing the questions for a new round of HealthStyles/ConsumerStyles survey.
- Contact to find out more: Nishita Dsouza, nd595@drexel.edu
 - We would welcome help with dissemination efforts









Anti-displacement strategies for healthy and equitable community design: A scoping review

Equity and Resilience Workgroup: Displacement Subgroup

- Brief Description: This project aims to characterize and assess anti-displacement strategies that have been proposed, implemented and/or evaluated in the United States.
 - Peer-reviewed and grey literature review
 - We intend to apply an assessment tool to evaluate the state of evidence for each strategy
- Current Status: In progress.
- Contact for More Information: Natalicio Serrano, nserrano@wustl.edu









Systematic Scoping Review: Equity Lens to PA/Active Living Research

Equity and Resilience Workgroup

- **Brief Description:** In the decade since Lee & Cubbins (2009), Striding Toward Social Justice: The Ecologic Milieu of Physical Activity, how are socio-environmental inequalities (i.e., policy, systems, built environment interventions) studied as determinants of physical activity disparities within and among population subgroups?
 - End Products: Published review paper. Published annotated bibliography of research and evidence-for-best practice approaches targeted for PA equity to address PA disparities in diverse populations relevant for DNPAO SPAN/HOP/REACH recipients.
- Current Status: We welcome participation in the review process, we are about to start reviewing 800+ full text articles!
 - Contact for More Information: Tina Dodge, <u>Tina.Dodge@oregonstate.edu</u>
- **Secondary Project:** How are socio-environmental inequalities (i.e., policy, systems, built environment interventions) studied as determinants of PA disparities within and among disability populations subgroups?
 - End Product Goal: Published annotated bibliography of evidence-for-best practice approaches to facilitating PA for youth and adults with disability relevant for DNPAO SPAN/HOP/REACH recipients.









Applying an Equity Lens to Examining Land Use and Transportation Strategies that Support Physical Activity

Equity and Resilience Workgroup: Land Use and Transportation Equity-related Systematic Review

- Brief Description: This project aims to examine equity-related issues that have been studied related to land use and transportation strategies that promote physical activity.
 - Peer-reviewed and grey literature review
 - Builds off of the CPSTF recommendations
- Current Status: Just getting started, in conceptualization mode.
- Contact for More Information: Jamie Chriqui, jchriqui@uic.edu







Rural Bicycling / Trails Group

Rural Active Living Workgroup Special Interest Group

- Brief Description: This group was recently formed and focused on two separate, but related topics
 - 1) Bikeability measures are nascent and developed in urban areas; **developing our understanding rural residents' perceptions of bikeability** is important; and
 - 2) Rail-trails are frequently touted as drivers of small town tourism and economic development, but the impacts on the PA of residents is largely unknown. This group may splinter into topics focused on (1) trail counting methods and (2) retrospective case studies/prospective natural experiments assessing impacts of rail-trail development on small towns
- Contact to join: Christiaan Abildso, cgabildso@hsc.wvu.edu
- We meet the 2nd Friday of each month 2-3pm Eastern (May 14, June 11 are next two meetings)







What Works in Creating Active Rural Places?

Rural Active Living Workgroup

- Brief Description: Rural-specific evidence on the environmental influences of PA is limited. We are working to fill
 that gap using qualitative and quantitative methods.
- Relevance to Equitable and Inclusive Access to Safe Places for PA: Recent research by Jeff Whitfield and colleagues highlights the limited PA supports and destinations in rural areas but similar prevalence of walking in rural and urban areas when supports and destinations are present. Our goal is to build the evidence base of what works in creating active rural places.
- Current Status: Nearly complete
 - Qualitative: Comparative case study data being re-coded for manuscript revision comparison of two active rural counties (
 "best practice"/positive outliers) against inactive one from a single state
 - Quantitative: Analysis of built, natural, and social environment indicators associated with meeting PA guidelines across the rural-urban continuum complete, finishing the results and discussion sections of the manuscript

*Whitfield, G. P., Carlson, S. A., Ussery, E. N., Watson, K. B., Berrigan, D., & Fulton, J. E. (2019). National-level environmental perceptions and walking among urban and rural residents: Informing surveillance of walkability. *Preventive Medicine*, 123, 101-108.









Rural Comprehensive Planning Group

Rural Active Living Workgroup Project Group

- **Brief Description:** This group has two projects underway, each with its own collaborators:
 - Review of comprehensive planning state statutes, with particular focus on a) elements that promote active living and
 b) differential planning mandates for urban vs. rural communities
 - 2. Pilot study of rural communities implementing a healthy eating and active living toolkit in the comprehensive planning process
- Is it too late to join to participate in the project: State statutes yes; Pilot study no.
 - Deadline to join: mid-to-late 2021
 - Contact to join: Lisa Charron, Icharron@wisc.edu
- Recruiting Rural Communities Now for Pilot Study!: Contact Lisa if interested







Extension SNAP-Ed PA Policy, Systems, & Environment Change Group

Rural Active Living Workgroup Special Interest Group

Brief Description: This workgroup is examining Physical Activity Policy, Systems, and Environment (PSE) changes implemented by Extension SNAP-Ed programs, particularly in rural areas, through:

- 1) Qualitive interviews with at least one state per SNAP-Ed region (likely summer 2021)
- 2) Development of two surveys: Extension SNAP-Ed program leadership and Extension workforce (fall 2021 or later)
- Is it too late to join to participate in the project: No
 - Contact to join: Jessica Stroope, jstroope@agcenter.lsu.edu
- We meet about one time a month, usually on a Monday afternoon.







Municipal Responses to COVID-19: PA & Active Transportation (AT)

Transportation Policy & Planning Work Group

- **Brief Description:** Coding municipal orders, guidance docs, and plans during COVID-19 pandemic (pre-9/20) to understand how policies impacted physical activity and active transportation access
- Relevance to Equitable and Inclusive Access to Safe Places for PA: Code for COVID-19 impact on under-resourced communities, acknowledgement of transportation barriers and consideration of remedies. Code for location, prioritization, and justification criterion for re-allocated infrastructure for AT due to COVID-19 & reason for change in the program (i.e., type of community feedback).
- Is it too late to join to participate in the project: No
 - **Deadline to join:** May 15th
 - Contact to join: Matt Dean, <u>mattdean@utexas.edu</u>
- We are looking for more coders to help with the project!







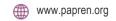


Coping and Nature Survey (CANS): Access to nature on health and wellbeing during COVID-19

Parks and Green Space Workgroup

- Brief Description: Internet-based survey to assess perceptions of the material and social
- opportunities, constraints, and barriers encountered when attempting to engage with nature.
- Relevance to Equitable and Inclusive Access to Safe Places for PA: Access to nature is not
 equitably distributed. It varies by racial, educational, and other socioeconomic factors. This survey
 will provide needed data to illuminate how communities of different racial, ethnic, or educational
 backgrounds are using nature to cope with the COVID-19 pandemic, as well as differences in
 access.
- Current Status: (in progress), survey is undergoing revisions based on expert content review process.









A Mixed Methods Evaluation of Physical Education and Physical Activity in Schools before and during COVID-19 school closures

School Wellness

- Brief Description: This study utilizes an online survey and semi-structured interviews to understand implementation strategies used to deliver PE, adapted PE, and school-based PA before (Fall 2019 & Jan/Feb 2019), during (March/April/May 2020), and in the school year following the onset of the pandemic (Now)
- Relevance to Equitable and Inclusive Access to Safe Places for PA: Examines equitable and inclusive access to physical activity by understanding how PE and PA have been implemented during the pandemic
- Current Status: The online survey is in progress and semi-structured interviews will take place this summer with a subsample of survey participants
- Is it too late to join to participate in the project: No
 - Contact to join: Ann Kuhn, <u>apullingkuhn@som.umaryland.edu</u>









Join and Connect with Us!

- Email: <u>papren@umassmed.edu</u>
- jchriqui@uic.edu
- Website: <u>www.papren.org</u>



- Join the Network!
- Join a Work Group (or 2)!

