Health Literacy: A Prescription for Patient Empowerment

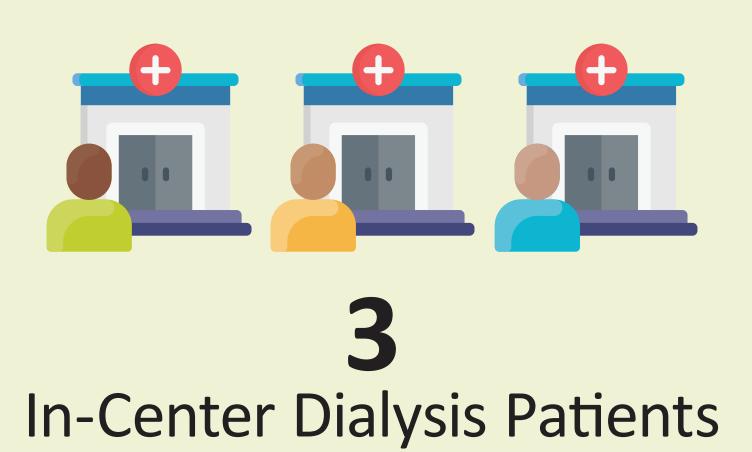


Introduction

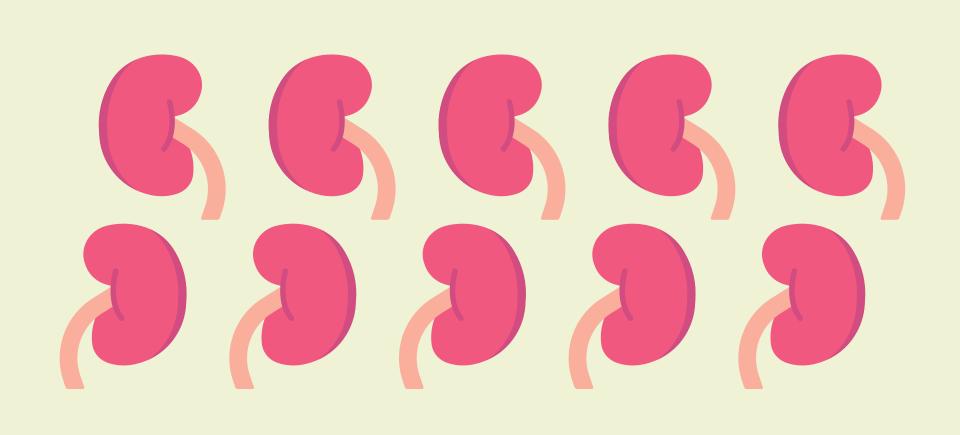
There is a medical education gap that exists in our healthcare system. According to the National Assessment of Adult Literacy, 36% of adults have basic or below basic health literacy.¹

Research shows that nearly **25% of chronic kidney disease patients experience limited health literacy**. The End Stage Renal Disease National Coordinating Center (ESRD NCC) National Patient and Family Engagement Learning and Action Network (NPFE-LAN) created resources to help patients understand their care options better to make informed healthcare decisions.

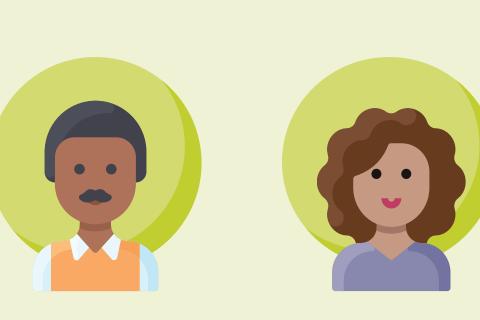
Who's involved?







LU Kidney Transplant Recipients



2 Family Members



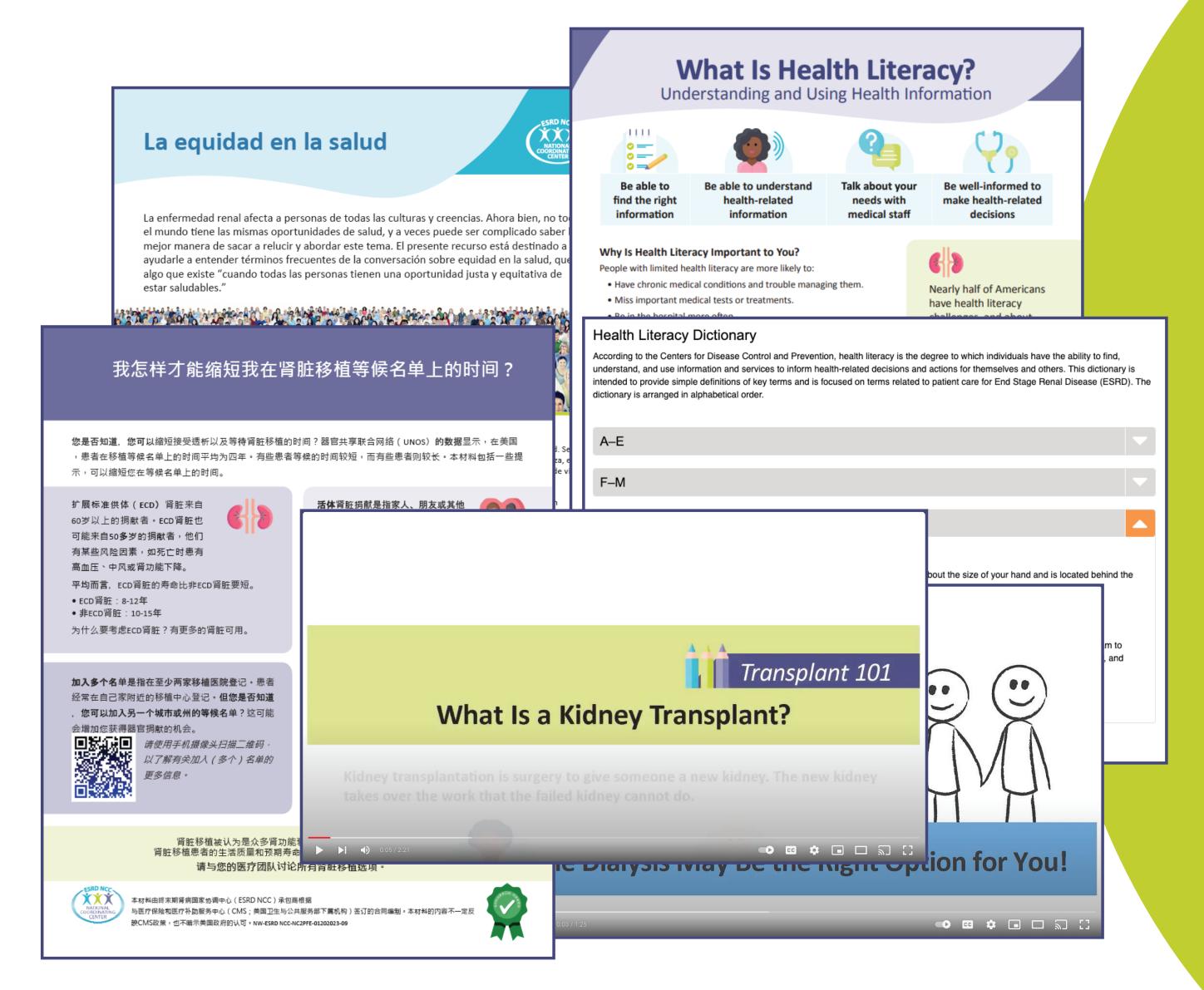
Office of Minority Health

Methods/Interventions

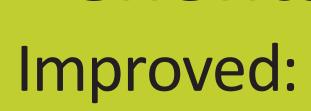
Health Literacy Patient and Family Engagement Committee
 A group of patient and family member advocates who advise the ESRD NCC on how to enhance education and engagement of patients, caregivers, and others about health equity.

- Understanding Health Equity document
 Helps patients and families understand basic terms used about health equity.
- What is Health Literacy? document
 Provides tips on what patients can do to improve their health literacy.
- Health Literacy Dictionary
 Defines 75 commonly used kidney community words and terms.
- Patient Resources Audio Clips
 Recordings of 7 NPFE-LAN patient resources. Examples:

 Home Dialysis May Be the Right Option for You! and What Is a Kidney Transplant?



Benefits



- Health literacy
- Compliance to treatment
- Patient-provider communication
- Mental health
- Patient satisfaction
- Patient health outcomes

60+ Spanish Resources

2 Mandarin Resources

^{1.} The Health Literacy of America's Adults: Results from the 2003 National Assessment of Adult Literacy. https://nces.ed.gov/pubsearch/pubsinfo.asp?pubid=2006483. Accessed 2/7/2023.

^{2.} Taylor et al. A systematic review of the prevalence and associations of limited health literacy in CKD. DOI:10.2215/cjn.129212162.